Coordinating Cat Council of Australia - Breed Standard

Scottish Fold Shorthair & Scottish Fold Longhair



General Standard

The Scottish Fold cat occurred as a spontaneous mutation in Scotland. Overall, it is a well-rounded cat of medium bone, with small, folded ears, giving the breed its distinctive appearance. Males are generally larger than females.

Paws	Neat and well rounded.
Legs	Strongly boned and of medium length. There should be no stiffness or lack of mobility due to distortion or rigidity in the leg bones and joints.
Tail	Medium to long, in proportion to the body, reasonably broad at the base, flexible along the entire length and tapering. A longer tapering tail is preferred.
Body	Medium, rounded and well-padded with no hint of coarseness. It has a level back, good depth of chest and is equal in girth from shoulder to rump.
Neck	Short.
Chin	Firm. In profile, of good depth and in a vertical line with the tip of the nose.
Jaws	Rounded, not pointed, pinched or square.
Cheeks	Prominent and rounded, with well-defined whisker pads.
Nose	Short and broad. In profile, it has a gentle curve. A slight stop is permitted, but a definite nose break is a fault.
Eyes	Large, well-rounded, well opened, with the width of an eye between the eyes, creating a sweet expression.
Ears	Small, folded forwards and downwards. A very small, tightly folded ear is preferred to a loose fold and a large ear. The ears must be set well apart, in a cap-like fashion, forming part of the rounded contour of the head. The tips are rounded.
Head	Well-rounded with prominent cheeks, has well-defined whisker pads and is well set on a short neck. Allowance should be made for jowls in adult males. In profile, the head is rounded, balanced front and back, with a slight nose stop and good depth of chin.

Scale of Points

Head	15	
Ears	25	
Eyes	5	45
Body	15	
Tail	20	
Legs & paws	5	40
Coat	10	
Condition	5	15
Total		100

Faults & Penalties

Refer to general list of faults for all breeds plus: **Penalise:**

- Large or high-set ears.
- Small or close-set eyes.

- Definite nose break or defined stop.
- Uneven bite or weak chin.
- Muzzle pinch.
- Splayed toes.
- Fine boning or lack of size.
- Cottony coat in longhair varieties.

Withhold:

- Coarseness, distortion or abnormality of the leg bones.
- Foreshortened, thick, inflexible or kinked tail.
- Incorrect or insufficient fold in ears.

Coat & Colour

Coat Colour	Can be in all recognised colours and patterns.		
Coat length &	Shorthair:		
texture	Medium short, dense, soft and resilient, without the bounce of the British Shorthair coat. Texture may vary due to colour and/or regional or seasonal variation.		
	Longhair:		
	Medium to long. Full coat on face and body is desirable, but short hair is permissible		
	on the face and legs. Britches, tail plume and toe tufts should be visible with a ruff		
	being desirable. Seriously penalise for a cottony coat.		
Eye rims & nose	To harmonise with coat colour.		
leather			
Paw pads & eye colour	To harmonise with coat colour.		

Breeding Notes

Allowable Outcross

Scottish Shorthair, British Shorthair and Domestics.

Foundation

None

Notes

Straight eared progeny to be registered as Scottish SH.

Standard Updates

March 2023 – Standard reformatted. This reformatted standard includes all previous updates and amendments.

For information on previous standard updates and amendments, please see the Register of Breed Standards Updates on the CCCA website or contact the CCCA Secretary.