

SELKIRK REX

GENERAL STANDARD

The Selkirk Rex is a medium to large cat with heavy boning that gives the cat surprising weight and an impression of power. It has a sweet, alert and active personality. It is the result of a dominant, spontaneous mutation that causes each hair (guard, down and awn) to have a gentle wave or curl, giving the coat a soft feel. Males are generally larger than females.

HEAD: Round, broad and full-cheeked in both males and females. The underlying bone structure is round, with no flat planes.

EARS: Medium in size, broad at the base, tapering to a slightly rounded tip, set well apart, upright with a slight forward tilt. When viewed from the front the ears should be set to create a U shape contour to the head. Furnishings, if present, should be curly.

EYES: Large, rounded, and set well apart. The outside corner is set very slightly higher than the inner corner, giving a sweet open expression to the face. They should not appear almond or oval-shaped and should be on the same horizontal plane when viewed from the front.

NOSE: Has a downward slant with a convex curve and is set below the eye line with a gentle stop. In profile, there is a slight indentation in the nose, but not a definite break or stop

CHEEKS: Broad, full and well rounded.

JAWS: Medium width; the length being equal to half the width. The underlying bone structure is rounded with well-padded whisker pads to give the impression of squareness. The profile shows a short muzzle, clearly visible beyond the curve of the cheek.

CHIN: Firm and well developed. The tip of the chin, tip of the nose and the upper lip are in a vertical line.

NECK: Short, thick and heavily muscled, especially in males.

BODY: Medium to large and well balanced. The muscular torso is rectangular. The back is straight with slight rise to the hindquarters, shoulders and hips appearing the same width.

LEGS: Medium to long, substantially boned with straight forelegs and in proportion to the body.

PAWS: Large, round and firm.

TAIL: Thick, medium, with length in proportion to the body. Tapers slightly, neither blunt nor pointed at the tip.

CONDITION: Excellent muscular condition is required. Any indication that the cat is not in good physical condition or has not had proper grooming should be penalised.

SCALE OF POINTS

Head (incl. ears, eyes, nose, muzzle, shape)	35
Body (incl. torso, neck, legs, paws, tail)	30
Coat (incl. density, curl, texture and colour)	30
Condition	5
TOTAL	100

FAULTS / PENALTIES

REFER TO GENERAL LIST OF FAULTS FOR ALL BREEDS, PLUS:

PENALISE:

- Excessive cobbiness.
- Sleek Oriental appearance.

WITHHOLD:

- Lack of visible muzzle.
- No evidence of wave or curl.
- Extreme nose break

COAT AND COLOUR

COAT LENGTH AND TEXTURE (SHORTHAIR): The texture is soft, plushy, dense and obviously curly. There are no bald or thinly covered areas of the body. The coat stands out from the body and should not appear flat or close lying. The curls are random, unstructured and arranged in loose, individual curls. Although curl varies with hair length, sex and age in an individual, the entire coat should show the effect of the rex gene. Curliness may be evident more around the neck, on the tail and belly. Allowance should be made for less curl on younger adults and kittens. Whiskers may show the effect of the rex gene.

The Shorthair Selkirk Rex should have tail hairs the same length as the coat (approximately 2.5 - 3.75 cm, which is 1 – 1.5 inches) and tail curls are plush and lie compactly around the tail. The ruff is the same length as the coat fur.

COAT LENGTH AND TEXTURE (LONGHAIR): The texture is soft, plushy, dense and obviously curly. There are no bald or thinly covered areas of the body. The coat stands out from the body and should not appear flat or close lying. The curls are

random, unstructured and arranged in loose, individual curls. Although curl varies with hair length, sex and age in an individual, the entire coat should show the effect of the rex gene. Curliness may be evident more around the neck, on the tail and belly. Allowance should be made for less curl on younger adults and kittens. Whiskers may show the effect of the rex gene.

The Longhair Selkirk Rex should have plummy tail hairs standing away from the tail. The body hairs are obviously long (5 cm - which is 2 inches - or more) with ruff hairs longer, framing the face.

COLOUR AND PATTERN: All body colours and colour patterns that are genetically possible in the cat may occur in the Selkirk Rex. Colour is secondary in importance to other factors.

EYE COLOUR: All eye colours allowed, to harmonise with coat colour.

NOSE LEATHER: Plain or mottled, to tone with the coat colour in the nose area.

PAW PADS: Plain or mottled, to tone with the coat colour in the nose area.

BREEDING NOTES

Allowable Outcrosses: Persian, Exotic and British Shorthair.